



HUNTINGTON COUNTY SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT



2040 Riverfork Drive – Huntington, IN – 46750 – (260) 356-6816 ext. 3

The information included in this packet is to assist you in complying with the latest filing requirements of IAC327-15-5, commonly known as Rule 5. Included in this packet you will find:

1. **Quick Reference Guide-** This document was prepared by the Huntington County SWCD to help identify projects that are required to comply with Rule 5 and also outline the filing requirements and filing sequence.
2. **Finding Rule 5 Information on IDEM's Website-** If you should have additional questions this address will take you directly to the source. We try to provide you with the most recent information; however, IDEM is continually working on their website. Please contact our office if you discover the information provided – needs to be updated.

Proof of Publication- This is suggested wording to be used in the newspaper to meet the requirement for public notification.
3. **Submittal Form-** This form is designed to provide the Huntington County SWCD with the correct contact information for all aspects of the project. It should be completed and submitted with the plan.
4. **Notice of Intent-** This is the document that should be completed and filed with IDEM. In addition to the filing fee also be sure to include the additional documentation required.
5. **Technical Review and Comment Form-** This is a copy of the form used to review a Rule 5 plan. It is provided to help you better understand the exact requirements of what needs to be included in a plan. There is nothing that you need to fill out and return.
6. **Guidance on each of the 23 basic elements-** This information has been provided by IDEM and IDNR to explain the requirements of each of the 23 basic elements required in a Rule 5 plan.
7. **Stormwater Construction and Pollution prevention plan for** – Prepared by the Huntington County SWCD, this document is to provide you with a suggested format for a plan, clarify some of the basic required elements, and provide suggestions where specific information can be located. To avoid delays in the review process make sure every required item has been addressed in the plan. We strongly encourage you to proceed numerically through the checklist and also keep sections A, B, and C separate.
8. **Notice of Termination-** Required by Rule 5, it is to be completed when the project is finished and all disturbed areas have been stabilized. Until IDEM receives and verifies this form the project is considered active and subject to continued inspections for compliance with Rule 5.

Contact the Huntington County SWCD office at (260) 356-6816 ext. 3 if you have any questions about the Rule 5 regulations.

Quick Reference Guide:

Compliance Requirements for Rule 5

Projects that are required to comply:

- Any construction activity, which includes clearing, grading, excavation, and other land disturbing activities that results in the disturbance of one(1) or more acres of total land area.

* Total Land Area includes any earth disturbing activity over the life of the project and also includes activities that are required to provide services to the project when they are under the control of the project site owner. For example: sanitary sewer, storm sewer, or water lines.
- If a project is **less than one (1) acre** but part of a larger development plan, individual filing is not required. However, the project is required to comply with the erosion and sediment control plan set forth for the larger development plan.
- If a project is **more than one acre and part of a larger development plan**, the project must file as an individual project. See filing requirements.
- For **Multi-lot projects**, the area of land disturbance shall be calculated by adding the total area of land disturbance for improvements, including streets, roads, utilities, and common areas in addition to the expected total disturbance on each individual lot , as determined by the following:
 1. Single-family residential project where the lots are one-half acre or more use one-half acre.
 2. Single-family residential project where the lots are less than one-half acre use the acreage of the entire lot.
 3. On all other types of projects, such as **industrial and commercial**, a minimum of one acre of disturbance must be used, unless the lots are less than one acre, then the entire acreage of each lot should be used.

Exempt projects:

1. Single family residential dwellings disturbing less than five (5) acres, where they **are not** part of a larger common plan of development. Earth disturbing activities for this exemption includes the dwelling, driveway, and septic system only.
2. Agriculture land disturbing activities such as planting, disking, installation of agriculture conservation practices, and tile installation. See definitions in attached rule. **Ponds are not considered an agricultural land disturbing activity or an agriculture conservation practice.**
3. Forest harvesting activities
4. Coal mining activities permitted under IC 14-34
5. Landfills, closed and active, permitted under 329 IAC10

Questions or comments: Contact the Huntington County Soil and Water Conservation District Office at (260) 356-6816 ext. 3.

Filing Requirements for Rule 5

(Steps 1-3 to be completed a **minimum of 30 days prior** to land disturbing activities. More time may be required if the plan is not approved on first review)

1. Develop an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

- Develop an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan in accordance with the requirements listed under IAC 15-5-6.5, IAC 15-5-7, and IAC 15-5-7.5.

2. Submit Plan to Huntington County SWCD For Review

- Deliver a copy of the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan to the Huntington County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) for review. The Huntington County SWCD will have **28 days to review** the plan for compliance with the rule.

(Note: If 28 days have passed from **the date the Huntington County SWCD has received the plan** and you have not received word that the plan is approved or deficient, proceed with filing the Notice of Intent with IDEM). While not required, it would also be to your benefit to include a draft copy of the completed Notice of Intent (NOI) form for review along with the plan.

3. Public Notification

- Public Notification must be done in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected area to notify the public that construction activity under this rule is to commence. Suggested verbiage is exhibited in IAC 327 15-5-5, a, 9. A copy of the notice will be needed to accompany the NOI sent to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM).

PLEASE NOTE: Step 4 to be **completed after steps 1-3 and a minimum of 48 hours prior** to land disturbing activity.

4. File Notice of Intent and Supporting Documentation with IDEM

- A **Notice of Intent (NOI) form** complete, signed, and dated along with supporting documentation must be filed with IDEM a minimum of 48 hours prior to land disturbing activities. **A copy of this information also needs to be filed with the Huntington County SWCD.** Notice of Intent forms are available on the IDEM website (www.in.gov/idem/stormwater/2331.htm) or at the Huntington County SWCD office.
- Supporting documentation includes the following:
 1. **Proof of Publication:** a copy of the Public Notification as it appeared in the newspaper.
 2. **Notice of an Approved Plan:** a copy of the Notice of an Approved plan that you receive from the Huntington County SWCD.
- Send all information to :

**Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Attn: Heather Winebrinner, Storm Water Permit Coordinator
Storm Water Program, IGCN, Room 1255
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, IN 46204-2251**

Questions or Comments: Contact the Huntington County Soil and Water Conservation District Office at (260) 356-6816 ext. 3

Finding Rule 5 Information on the IDEM Website

As of December 2015

- Go to www.in.gov/idem/stormwater
- Click on [Construction/Land Disturbance Storm Water Permitting \(327 IAC 15-5, Rule 5\)](#); this will take you to the page with information for Rule 5,6 and 13. You can access step by step compliance information and forms for each of the “Storm Water” regulation programs.

Notice of Intent Requirements: Proof of Publication

Proof of publication should appear in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected area that notifies the public that construction activity is to commence, that states:

“(Company name, address) is submitting an NOI letter to notify the Indiana Department of Environmental Management of our intent to comply with the requirements under 327 IAC 15-5 to discharge storm water from construction activities for the following project: (name of the construction project, address of the location of the construction project). Run-off from the project site will discharge to (stream(s) receiving the discharge(s)).”

Please note, the company name and address should be the project owner or developer; the person or firm that has final approval for the project.

Guidance on the 23 Basic Plan Elements (Section A)

A1 - Plan Index showing locations of required items:

The plan index should include a list of the required items in the rule and where they occur in the plan. Plan preparers often have their plan index mirror items in the IDEM standard plan review checklist.

Notes: _____

A2 - 11 X 17 inch plat showing building lot numbers/boundaries and road layout/names:

The reduced size plat of the project is intended to be a basic representation of the project layout. At a minimum it should include building lot boundaries, lot numbers, road layout, and road names. It is not intended to be a complete representation of the Construction Plan or the Storm water pollution prevention plan. The purpose of the reduced plat is primarily to provide staff a simplified layout of the project that can be used as an aide when conducting an inspection of the project site.

The plat should be legible, therefore based on the size of the project it is acceptable to have multiple sheets of 11 X 17. (This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

Notes: _____

A3 - Narrative describing project nature and purpose:

The plan should include information regarding the nature and purpose of the project. Typically this information would appear in a narrative; however it is also acceptable for the narrative to include other plan requirements.

Notes: _____

A4 - Vicinity map showing project location:

The plan should include a map that depicts the site in relation to other areas in the city or county and should be sufficient for someone not familiar with the area to find the project site location. Acceptable map types include USGS topographic maps, county road maps, city street maps, custom drawn maps, etc. (as long as they adequately depict the site location).

Notes: _____

A5 - Legal Description of the Project Site:

The legal description of the project site should be identified to the nearest quarter section and include township and range coordinates, and Civil Township name. While the longitude and latitude coordinates are not a requirement of the plan; the checklist does mention these items to encourage inclusion by the plan preparer.

Notes: _____

A6 - Location of all lots and proposed site improvements:

Lot boundaries and numbers are required to be shown on the plan. In addition, the plan should show all proposed site improvements, including but not limited to utilities, roads (names, if available), structures, and common areas. Single lot projects should show the location of any proposed structures.

Notes: _____

A7 - Hydrologic unit code:

The hydrologic unit code should be identified to the 14 digit code. The code identified in the plan should represent the watershed(s) in which the project is located.

Notes: _____

A8 - Notation of any State or Federal water quality permits:

The plan should identify any permits required related to water quality, such as Construction in a Floodway from DNR, 401 Water Quality Certification from IDEM, 404 permits from US Army Corps of Engineers, etc.

It is not necessary for the project site owner to possess permits applicable to his/her project to receive approval of their plan pursuant to 327 IAC 15-5.

Notes: _____

A9 - Specific points where Storm water discharge will leave the site:

The plan should clearly identify where Storm water will exit the site. It is not necessary that the location be identified with a note on the plan, unless it is not clear from the topographic or storm drainage system information.

Notes: _____

A10 - Location and name of all wetlands, lakes, and water courses on and adjacent to the site:

This information is important in evaluating the proposed Storm water pollution prevention measures to insure that they are adequate and appropriate to reduce the impact to natural areas associated with the project site. Identification of nearby watercourses and lakes may place an additional importance on sediment control in a particular area of the project.

Notes: _____

A11 - Identify all Receiving Waters:

The plan should identify all named streams, or other water bodies that will potentially receive runoff from the project site. If the discharge is to a municipal storm sewer, the plan should identify the owner of the storm drain system as well as the ultimate receiving water for the storm drain system.

Notes: _____

A12 - Identification of potential discharges to groundwater:

The plan should include the location of all areas where Storm water may be potentially discharged to groundwater.

These areas include sinkholes or uncapped abandoned wells, which may be located on the project site or downstream of the project site and could potentially be impacted by Storm water discharge. It could also include Storm water infiltration practices such as drywells, which may be planned as part of the project. These areas need to be clearly located in the plan, with adequate protection measures to prevent contaminated runoff from entering the groundwater.

Abandoned wells should be properly capped.

Notes: _____

A13 - 100 Year Floodplains, floodways, and floodway fringes:

This information is relevant to the project if a stream is located on or near the property. If applicable to the project site, the plan should at a minimum include a discussion of their existence and to further extent delineation on the plan. If this element is not applicable to the project, the plan preparer should make reference to this in the plan.

Notes: _____

A14 - Pre-construction and post construction estimate of Peak Discharge:

This information is a required element of the plan and has been included to place emphasis on the impact projects can have related to runoff quantities and velocities. There are several acceptable methods of calculating these figures, including the rational method, TR55, etc. (This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

Notes: _____

A15 - Adjacent land use, including upstream watershed:

This information provides a basis to evaluate the overall project including potential downstream impacts, but also other contributing factors that are discharging onto the project site. It is important to have an understanding of the impact the project may have on surrounding properties and sensitive areas, but also have an understanding of the runoff and other potential pollutants that may be discharged from areas in the watershed above the project. The intent of this element is to identify the types of land use, such as single-family residential, multi-family residential, commercial, agricultural, forested, etc.

Notes: _____

A16 - Locations and approximate boundaries of all disturbed areas:

The plan should identify the construction limits of the project. The extent of disturbance has a profound impact on what practices may be necessary to adequately control erosion and the resulting sediment. If disturbance boundaries are not identified inside of the property boundary, the plan reviewer will consider the entire site as being disturbed for the purposes of evaluating the proposed Storm water quality measures.

Notes: _____

A17 - Identification of existing vegetative cover:

The plan should delineate the boundaries of major vegetative cover types, such as grass, brush, trees, etc. It is not necessary for the plan to identify individual vegetative species.

Notes: _____

A18 - Soils map including descriptions and limitations:

Each plan should provide a soil map for the project site. The map should be accompanied by descriptions of each soil type that occurs on the site. A legible copy of the appropriate soil map from the USDA soil survey for the county is sufficient. Boring logs and a geotechnical report or site mapping by a soil scientist should also be considered acceptable means of satisfying this requirement. In addition to a soil map and a description of the soil types, the plan should include a discussion of the soil characteristics and limitations associated with the project site and the measures that will be integrated into the project to overcome any limitations. For example, if sanitary sewer does not service the site and on-site septic systems will be used for waste disposal, the plan preparer should provide information concerning the suitability of the soil and the type of systems that will be required to overcome soil limitations.

Notes: _____

A19 - Locations, size and dimensions of proposed Storm water systems:

All proposed Storm water systems, including swales, channels, piping, culverts, etc. should be clearly shown in the plan. In addition to location, the plan should include the size and dimensions of the specific Storm water systems.

Notes: _____

A20 - Plan for any off-site construction activities associated with this project:

Any off-site services such as sanitary sewers, waterlines, other utilities, roads, etc. which are off of the proposed project site, but are necessary to provide service to the project must be included in the plan submitted for the project, if the project site owner is responsible for paying for the off-site service.

If the utility or local government is paying for the construction of the off-site tie-in, then they do not need to be included as part of the project submittal, but should be submitted separately, if the disturbance will be one (1) acre or more.

It is important that the project site owner realize that all land disturbance associated with their project is subject to compliance with the rule. The same burden of compliance is necessary for these off-site areas as they are for the project site itself. If there are not off-site activities, or others are conducting the off-site activities, a simple note to that affect should be sufficient to satisfy this requirement.

Notes: _____

A21 - Locations of proposed soil stockpiles, borrow and/or disposal areas:

Similar to item A20, this information needs to be submitted as part of the plan. Often times borrow and disposal areas occur off of the project site. Unless these areas are commercially operated facilities, they need to be included as part of the plan submittal. These areas must also be included when they occur on site. If there are no stockpile, borrow or disposal areas planned, a simple note to that affect should be sufficient to satisfy this requirement.

Notes: _____

A22 - Existing site topography at an interval appropriate to show detailed drainage patterns:

This information is critical to properly evaluate the adequacy of the proposed Storm water pollution prevention measures. Site topography may be depicted in multiple ways such as continuous contour lines and spot elevations (as long as there are a sufficient number of locations to be able to visualize the site topography). A graphical profile of the project may also be acceptable for highway, road, utility and other lineal projects.

Notes: _____

A23 - Proposed final topography at an interval appropriate to show detailed drainage patterns:

This information is critical to properly evaluate the adequacy of the proposed Storm water pollution prevention measures. Site topography may be depicted in multiple ways such as continuous contour lines and spot elevations (as long as there are a sufficient number of locations to be able to visualize the site topography). A graphical profile of the project may also be acceptable for highway, road, utility and other lineal projects.

Notes: _____

Assessment of SWP3: Construction Component (Section B)

B1 - Description of potential pollutant sources associated with the construction activities:

This item is included in the rule to place an emphasis on identification of pollutants that are associated with construction activity. In the past, the emphasis has been on sediment reduction; however the rule requires the plan preparer to identify other potential pollutants and their sources. Potential pollutant sources include material and fuel storage areas, fueling locations, exposed soils, leaking vehicles and equipment, etc. To satisfy this item, the plan needs to contain a written description of the expected pollutants that could enter Storm water during the construction operation, and where those potential pollutants might be generated. In addition, the plan preparer should include and discussion of measures or operational activities that will be initiated to minimize the danger of pollutants entering Storm water.

(This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

Notes: _____

B2 - Sequence describing Storm water quality measure implementation relative to land disturbing activities:

Each plan should contain multiple Storm water pollution prevention measures. All measures will not be installed at the same time. Various measures will be installed at different times throughout the construction process. Some will be installed prior to any land disturbance, such as the construction entrance and some initial perimeter sediment control measures. Others may not be necessary until work at the site progresses to an area where they are necessary. Each proposed measure should be identified in the sequence as to when it is to be installed in relation to land disturbing activities. Specific dates of installation are not necessary or the intent of this requirement.

Notes: _____

B3 - Stable construction entrance locations and specifications:

All projects with the exception of some lineal projects and residential strip developments should have a stable construction entrance. All access points to a project must have a stabilized entrance. The plan should clearly show the location of all proposed stable entrance locations, as well as specifications and construction details regarding how the stable entrance is to be constructed and maintained.

Notes: _____

B4 - Sediment control measures for sheet flow areas:

This item is intended to evaluate the areas of the site where runoff will be primarily in a sheet flow condition. The reviewer should evaluate these areas and the proposed sediment control measures to insure that the proposed measures are adequate for the situation. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

Notes: _____

B5 - Sediment control measures for concentrated flow areas:

This item is intended to evaluate the areas of the site where runoff will be primarily in a concentrated flow condition. The reviewer should evaluate these areas and the proposed sediment control measures to insure that the proposed measures are adequate for the situation. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

In addition to the typical sediment control measures used to minimize sedimentation associated with surface water runoff, provisions should be made to address any dewatering and/or directional boring operations.

Notes: _____

B6 - Storm sewer inlet protection measure locations and specifications:

If surface inlets, including curb inlets, are present, the plan should include protection measures to prevent sediment from entering the storm drain system. The proposed practices should be appropriate for the type of inlet it is proposed to protect. Alternate measures, such as seeding and curbside protection may be considered as adequate protection, if sufficient to prevent sediments from entering the street and curb inlets. Each proposed measure must be accompanied

by construction details and specifications.

Notes: _____

B7 - Runoff control measures:

This item refers to measures such as diversions, rock check dams, slope drains, etc. These types of measures may not be necessary on every project. However, if the plan reviewer feels that they are necessary, the plan should be evaluated as to whether the issue was adequately addressed in the plan. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

Notes: _____

B8 - Storm water outlet protection specifications:

All Storm water discharge locations need to be adequately protected to prevent scour erosion. The plan should specify protection measures appropriate for the situation. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

Notes: _____

B9 - Grade Stabilization structure locations and specifications:

This item refers to measures such as rock chutes, toe wall and drop structures, etc. These types of measures may not be necessary on every project. However, if the plan reviewer feels that they are necessary, the plan should be evaluated as to whether the issue was adequately addressed in the plan. Each proposed measure must be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

Notes: _____

B10 - Location, dimensions, specifications and construction details of each Storm water quality measure:

Each proposed measure should be clearly located in the plan. Some plans may not provide the location in a pictorial format on the plan drawings, but may provide clear text or a table to depict where various practices should be located. This should be adequate to satisfy the requirement as long as the reviewer can determine the location in the plan. Each proposed measure must also be accompanied by construction details and specifications.

Temporary or permanent surface stabilization is required on any bare or thinly vegetated area that is scheduled or likely to remain inactive for a period of 15 days or more.

Notes: _____

B11 - Temporary surface stabilization methods appropriate for each season:

The plan should provide detailed specifications, including sequencing information, regarding which stabilization methods are to be employed. There should be multiple methods, as the various seasons need to be considered. Even if the project is expected to be short lived, these seasonal options must be supplied. Delays are common in the construction industry and projects take longer than expected. The plan needs to cover these contingencies.

For applications that include seeding, the plan preparer should provide application rates for soil amendments and seed mixtures. The type and application rate for anchored mulch.

Notes: _____

B12 - Permanent surface stabilization specifications:

The permanent stabilization methods should be clearly specified, including sequencing information, in the plan. The plan preparer should provide application rates for soil amendments and seed mixtures and the type and application rate for anchored mulch.

Notes: _____

B13 - Material handling and spill prevention plan:

The plan should include a list of expected materials that may be present on the site during construction operations. A written description of how these materials will be handled to minimize the potential the materials will enter Storm water runoff should accompany the list of materials. There should also be procedures directing the contractor on the required response to any spills that may occur during construction operations. (This item is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

Notes: _____

B14 - Monitoring and maintenance guidelines for each proposed pollution prevention measure:

Each proposed measure must be accompanied by instructions for evaluating the practice for maintenance needs once installed. The maintenance guidelines for the project should also include instructions on how the monitoring and maintenance procedures are to be carried out. The Phase II version of the rule requires that the project site owner or their representative, knowledgeable in erosion and sediment control, inspect the site for Storm water pollution prevention deficiencies at least weekly and again within 24 hours of every 1/2 inch rain event. The plan should clearly describe these required maintenance procedures.

Notes: _____

B15 - Erosion & Sediment control specifications for individual building lots:

If the project has multiple lots where independent activities are likely to occur, the plan should provide clear guidance as to the required minimum standards for erosion and sediment control during construction operations on the individual lots. The Phase II version of the rule places specific requirements on activities conducted on individual building lots. The minimum standards in the plan should meet the minimum lot requirements established in Section 7.5 of the rule, and should follow the standards set forth in the "Erosion and Sediment Control for Individual Building Lots" brochure available on the Division of Soil Conservation's website. The plan reviewer should also take into account the relative size of the lots and steepness of the lots when determining whether provisions in the plan appear to be adequate.

Notes: _____

Assessment of SWP3: Post-construction Component (Section C)

There are several new requirements in the revised version of 327 IAC 15-5. Several of these new requirements involve the potential pollutants that will be generated from the completed project. Every land use has certain pollutants that are generated simply based on the facility or the activities being conducted on the property. The intent of the Clean Water Act rules established by US EPA is to minimize pollutants generated from new construction projects, including the post construction pollutants that will be generated by the proposed land use change. 327 IAC 15-5 has incorporated requirements to address these issues. The post construction Storm water pollution prevention plan must include the implementation of Storm water quality measures to address pollutants that will be associated with the final land use of the project. Post construction Storm water quality measures should be functional upon completion of the project. Long-term functionality of the measures is critical to their performance and should be monitored and maintained. The intent of these provisions in the regulation is not to just simply plug in practices to treat the expected post construction pollutants. Emphasis should be on designing the project, or modifying the design of a project, to minimize the generation of pollutants in the first place. It will be impossible for current and future landowners to eliminate all potential pollutants.

Once design considerations have been made to minimize the generation, then additional practices may need to be added to the project to treat the runoff and trap the pollutants that could not be prevented.

The main objective is that everyone realizes that all types of land use carry with them pollutants and pollutant sources, and that it is possible to modify the project site design to reduce the pollutant sources and, with additional treatment practices, reduce the amount of pollutants potentially impacting the environment.

(This section of items is not required for single-family residential developments of 4 lots or less and single-family residential strip developments)

C1 - Description of pollutants and their sources associated with the proposed land use.

(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(A) - A description of potential pollutant sources from the proposed land use, which may reasonably be expected to add a significant amount of pollutants to Storm water discharges.) The plan should include a narrative description that discusses the proposed project and the expected pollutants that typically are generated by this type of land use. The description should also discuss the sources of these pollutants within the finished project site (e.g., oil, grease, antifreeze, brake fluid, brake dust, rubber fragments, gasoline, diesel fuel and other hydrocarbons, and metals from vehicular and other sources, grit (sediment) from wearing of the road surface and falling or washing off of vehicles, trash (including bacteria and other biological agents contained in the trash) from littering and other types of improper disposal or storage, and elevated receiving water temperatures from Storm water runoff contact with impervious surfaces).

Notes:

C2 - Sequence describing storm water quality measure implementation.

This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(D) - A sequence describing when each post construction Storm water quality measure will be installed.)

The plan should provide a sequence of when the proposed post construction Storm water quality measures will be installed. Pay close attention to practices, like basins or ponds that could be utilized during construction for sediment control. They should not be installed late in the project simply to reduce cleanout burdens.

Notes:

C3 - Description of proposed post construction storm water quality measures.

(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(C) A description of measures that will be installed to control pollutants in Storm water discharges that will occur after construction activities have been completed. Such practices include infiltration of run-off, flow reduction by use of open vegetated swales and natural depressions, buffer strip and riparian zone preservation, filter strip creation, minimization of land disturbance and surface imperviousness, maximization of open space, and Storm water retention and detention ponds, 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(E) Storm water quality measures that will remove or minimize pollutants from Storm water run-of, and 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(F) Storm water quality measures that will be implemented to prevent or minimize adverse impacts to stream and riparian habitat.) Items C, E & F from the rule listed above require similar information and may be provided in a

single narrative description within the plan. The plan should include a narrative description that discusses how the project was designed to minimize the generation of post construction pollutants, and how the proposed post construction Storm water quality measures will improve the quality of the Storm water discharge from the finished project. Many times, it will be possible for a project to comply without installing elaborate and expensive treatment systems. Reducing impervious surfaces and increasing vegetative surfaces to trap pollutants may be sufficient. Sometimes, management practices, such as more frequent street sweeping or reduced fertilizer and pesticide applications, may have a significant positive impact on Storm water quality.

Notes: _____

C4 - Location, dimensions, specifications and construction details of each Storm water quality measure.

(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(B) Location, dimensions, detailed specifications, and construction details of all post construction Storm water quality measures.)

All proposed post construction Storm water quality measures should be clearly shown on the plan, and should include specifications and construction details similar to those that have long been required for erosion and sediment control measures during construction.

Notes: _____

C5 - Description of maintenance guidelines for proposed post construction water quality measures.

(This checklist item relates to 327 IAC 15-5-6.5(a)(8)(G) A narrative description of the maintenance guidelines for all post construction Storm water quality measures to facilitate their proper long term function. This narrative description shall be made available to future parties who will assume responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the post construction Storm water quality measures.)

All proposed measures must be accompanied by guidelines for monitoring and maintenance. If manufactured products are involved, the manufacturer should be able to provide detailed information about monitoring and maintenance procedures and frequencies. The plan should also identify the parties or individuals that will be responsible for the future long-term maintenance. This identification does not need to be a name of an individual, as they may not be known at the time of plan submittal. A description of the entity (e.g., homeowner's association, name of the government department, if the measures will be turned over to the local government, etc.) should be sufficient.

Notes: _____

Helpful websites:

- Indiana Stormwater Quality Manual: <http://www.in.gov/idem/stormwater/2363.htm>
- Stormwater Information & Permitting: <http://www.in.gov/idem/stormwater/index.htm>
- Indiana Map- A Free GIS: <http://maps.indiana.edu/>
- Topographic & Water Well Mapping: <http://www.in.gov/dnr/water/6604.htm>
- Web Soil Survey: <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm>
 - Provided by USDA, you can locate soil types within any given area. This website also gives descriptions of said soils. Click the green button titled "Start WSS" to open a new window. Select "Address" at the left hand side of "Quick Navigation". Address should be typed like this: 123 Street Name, City, IN. 46936 with no spaces, etc. Once you have located the area you want to review use the "AOI" area of interest button at the top of your newly found location map. Use the "+" cursor to create the AOI. Once AOI has been selected, you will now have 4 tabs at the top of the page titled, "Area of Interest (AOI), Soil Map, Soil Data Explorer, and Shopping Cart (Free)". Select Soil Map to view soils within your AOI area, which also gives you a "Printable Version" at the top right next to "Add to shopping Cart". Should you choose to print off a version, odds are, the pop up blocker on your computer will stop that, so enable pop ups from the site if you want to print.

Questions or comments: Contact the Huntington County Soil and Water Conservation District Office at (260) 356-6816 ext. 3.

Huntington County Erosion Control Plan Submittal Form

RULE 5 Plan

Stormwater Runoff Associated with Construction Activity

Project Name: _____

Project is located (check one): Within City Limits _____ Outside City Limits _____

Civil Township: _____ Township: _____ Range: _____

Legal Description: _____ 1/4 Section: _____

Project Location: _____

(Crossroads, Street/Road Name)

Total Acres Involved: _____ Total Acres Disturbed: _____

HUC Code: _____ Latitude: _____ Longitude: _____

Principle Responsible Party: _____

Address _____ City, State, Zip _____

Contact Person: _____ **E-MAIL:** _____ **Phone:** _____

Owner (if different than above) _____

Address _____ City, State, Zip _____

Contact Person _____ **E-MAIL:** _____ **Phone:** _____

Erosion Control Plan Designer: _____

Address _____ City, State, Zip _____

Contact Person _____ **E-MAIL:** _____ **Phone:** _____

Onsite Erosion Control Supervisor: _____

(Responsible for weekly self-inspection of site)

Address _____ City, State, Zip _____

Contact Person _____ **E-MAIL:** _____ **Phone:** _____

PLEASE LIST EMAIL ADDRESSES FOR ALL CONTACTS